

## DASTARDLY OUTRAGE COMMITTED

By Strike Sympathizers in Cleveland on an Old Man for Riding on the Cars.

## BRUTALLY KICKED AND BEATEN.

First Arrest Made of a Man for Taking Part in the Boycott—Outrages Continue.

CLEVELAND, O., Aug. 4.—The fact has just come to light that Lucius F. Mellen, ex-superintendent of the city infirmary and ex-general agent of the Cleveland Humane Society, was brutally beaten by strike sympathizers last Wednesday. Mr. Mellen is sixty-eight years old and is in a precarious condition.

His family did not report the matter to the police for fear of further violence. Mr. Mellen rode on a Big Consolidated car Wednesday to H. G. Patton's sign painting shop at 904 Pearl street, to order a sign. He was followed into the shop by a boy who called to two men within that he had ridden on a "scab." The two men seized Mr. Mellen and threw him out of the door. The aged man fell on the sidewalk and the two men and the boy, reinforced by two other men who came along, kicked him brutally.

Mr. Mellen later was assisted to his home of Liberty street. While his injuries are not in themselves dangerous his age makes his condition precarious. When the city learns through the newspapers of the attack on Mr. Mellen it will cause widespread indignation, as he is one of the oldest and most prominent citizens of Cleveland, and has for years been a leader of national fame in church and charitable work.

In addition to the attempt to blow up a Jennings avenue car on the South Side last night, reports received at Police headquarters show that cars were stoned in various parts of the city, although so far as learned no one was injured.

On Pearl street near Myers avenue, showers of heavy stones fell upon Brooklyn car No. 23, smashing the windows and otherwise damaging the car. The conductor promptly drew his revolver and fired five shots in the direction from whence the stones were thrown.

Three shots were fired through the windows of a Pearl and Scoville avenue car near the Nickel Plate station, on the West Side, and a little later two rocks were sent crashing through the windows of the same car. No arrests were made.

The troops have been gradually withdrawn from the city during the past few days until now not to exceed 500 remain.

Fear is expressed in many quarters that as a result of this lawless element will again resume the outrages that marked the early stages of the strike.

Charles C. Trieste, a barber, with a shop at No. 245 Jennings avenue, was the first man to be placed under arrest for taking part in the boycott. The warrant which charges violation of the statutory rights law, was sworn out by patrolman Isaacs, who alleges that the barber refused to shave him because he had ridden on Big Consolidated cars. In police court the case was continued to August 7. Trieste is out on bail.

End of Boiler-makers' Strike. NEW YORK, August 4.—The Morgan iron works today signed an agreement with the iron ship-builders working hours demanded. Many of the Morgan iron works men returned to work immediately on hearing of the settlement and the firm by Monday will have 250 men at work on the steamship hulls, and the standard oil barge that are now at its yards. William M. Boyle, president of the Brotherhood of Boiler-makers and Shipbuilders, said today that thirty-two firms had now acceded to the men's demands and he expected that the end of the day would bring an end to the strike.

Voluntary Advances. ALTOONA, Pa., August 4.—The Prudential coal and coke company, owned largely by Supreme Court Justice John Dean, with main offices in Philadelphia, has granted its miners a voluntary advance of two and one-half cents per ton.

## THAT DEFENSIVE ALLIANCE

Between the South American Republics Against United States.

MANCHESTER, Mass., Aug. 4.—Senator Asplund, the Mexican minister to the United States, who is spending the summer here, was much interested in the latest news dispatches which reported the departure of President Beca of the Argentine Republic with the minister of foreign affairs and thirty senators from Buenos Ayres for Brazil. Senator Asplund said he had not learned of such a movement. He gave it as his opinion that here could be no foundation in fact for the report that an alliance was contemplated between the South American republics against the United States, and to bear him out in his opinion referred to the movement started by Brazil with a contribution of 250,000 for the purpose of establishing a steamer line between that country and the United States. Nicaragua and Honduras, he asserted, intend to contract an alliance between themselves, but the ambassador holds that to be insignificant.

Sloane is Discharged. NEW YORK, Aug. 4.—Lucius L. Sloane, who arrived here from Havana a few days ago and who was arrested at quarantine on a charge of having been concerned in the theft of \$1,000 in Havana, was discharged from custody today. The detective who had arrested

## THE TRUTH ABOUT BROOKE AND LUDLOW.

### CHILLY RECEPTION

Of an Agent of the Treasury Department by Premier Laurier, of Canada—Pearlie Fears Expressed.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 4.—Mr. F. W. Fitzpatrick, of the treasury department, has just returned to Washington from Ottawa, where he went at the instance of the committee of citizens of Chicago, in charge of the ceremonies of laying the cornerstone of that city's great postoffice building next October, by President McKinley, to arrange for the formal invitation and expected acceptance of an invitation from Chicago's citizens of the governor general and cabinet of Canada to participate in these festivities.

Mr. Fitzpatrick is the assistant United States architect under Architect Henry Ives Cobb, of Chicago. He was accompanied by a press representative by the name of Sir Wilfrid Laurier, who was slightly chilly. Sir Wilfrid Laurier very candidly telling him that under such conditions it would be impossible for him to accept or even to consider any social invitations to this side of the border.

Mr. Fitzpatrick said that Sir Wilfrid indicated that in the present state of public feeling in the United States as indicated in the public press, it would not be entirely wise for him to come to this country, and he feared that in a great gathering of such a character as the Chicago ceremony he would be subjected to some unpleasantness or indignity by thoughtless persons.

Sir Wilfrid expressed himself as strongly favoring the arbitration of the Canadian boundary dispute and concluded the interview as follows: "No, much as I regret it, I could not go to Chicago under present conditions and shall continue to reside in England. I may be, also, advise his excellency to decline an invitation that I know and feel was so kindly extended to us by the citizens of Chicago." Sir Wilfrid secured Sir Wilfrid's promise, however, to reconsider the matter.

### WITH THE PRESIDENT.

Secretary Root Will not Visit Him for the Present—Vice President Hobart on Route for Lake Champlain.

PLATTSBURG, N. Y., August 4.—Abner McKinley arrived from New York this morning for a short stay. Among the others who called upon Mr. McKinley to-day were Capt. Dodd, of Troop D, Third United States cavalry, who has just been ordered to the Philippines.

Unless the present plans be changed, Secretary of War Root will not come here to confer with President McKinley until the week after next. The President keeps fully posted as to Secretary Root's plans and is anxious to end the war in the Philippines at the earliest possible moment. President McKinley is very gratified with the rapidity with which the army and navy are being recruited for service in the Philippines.

Private dispatches received by the President to-day from the yellow fever epidemic at Hampton, Va., are very encouraging, indicating as they do, that the spread of the epidemic has been stopped. Dr. S. W. Webb, who has been in charge of the quarantine, has tendered his resignation to the President for his services during the remainder of his stay here. The President has already granted his resignation, and the yacht will arrive here on Monday, when the President and Mrs. McKinley, Vice President Hobart, Postmaster General and several other guests will witness the yacht races of the Lake Champlain yacht club, to be held here Monday.

The private car, which formerly belonged to Mrs. Adelphi Patti and in which she toured the country, has been returned to Washington, and the Pullman car, which was used to transport her here and now stands on the side track at Bluff Point station, awaiting the pleasure of the President.

### To Visit President.

NEW YORK, August 4.—Vice President Hobart left Long Branch to-day at 3:50 for Lake Champlain on a ten day visit to President McKinley. The vice president appeared to be in good health when he left.

### COL. HAWKINS' REMAINS

Will be Started Home to-day—The Last Sad Rites.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 4.—The body of Col. Alex. Hawkins, of the Tenth Pennsylvania, will receive last military honors in this city to-morrow afternoon. The services will take place under the auspices of the Knights Templar organization.

The Tenth Pennsylvania will occupy the place of chief mourners and General Shafter has ordered a military escort to take part in the funeral. The volunteers encamped at the Presidio will attend out of respect to the memory of their comrades in arms.

The body will be transported east to-morrow night. Chaplain Hunt, of the Pennsylvania regiment, has been ordered to take charge of it on the way home. Under orders from the department, Col. Hawkins' body will be taken to Washington.

### BARNETT WONT HAVE IT.

Declines Proposal to Elect Him Colonel of the Tenth Pennsylvania.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., August 4.—Lieutenant Colonel Barnett, of the Tenth Pennsylvania Volunteers, has declined the proposal to elect him colonel. He says the Tenth has known but one colonel for twenty years, and but one colonel to see it mustered out as Hawkins' regiment.

Company D, of Connelleville, has accepted the invitation of the people of Connelleville to return home at their expense and attend a reception at Schenley park.

Efforts are being made by a brother of Capt. Lord, of Mount Pleasant, Pa., residing in Denver, to have the Tenth regiment stop at Denver en route east, and parade, so that the large colony of former Pennsylvania soldiers in Colorado may have an opportunity to see and cheer the old command. Other plans have been in view a parade in Chicago.

## THE TRUTH ABOUT BROOKE AND LUDLOW.

### Charges of the New York Yellow Sheet About Their Luxurious Living in Havana

NOT BORNE OUT BY FACTS.

The Renovation of the Palace was Necessary—Now a Network of Public Offices.

HAVANA, Aug. 4.—Considerable comment was caused here this afternoon by the publication of a despatch from the United States embodying the charge made by a leading New York newspaper that Governor General Brooke, Brigadier General Ludlow, military governor of Havana, Collector Tasker Bliss and Major Davis, sanitary officer at Havana, have been receiving extra allowances out of the Cuban revenues to maintain themselves in luxury.

The feeling among Americans in Havana is that this charge is based upon a serious misapprehension of the facts of the case. The suggestion of luxurious living perplexes the Cubans, who are in a position to contrast the democratic way in which men holding the high rank held by Generals Brooke and Ludlow conduct their establishments with the prodigal habits of the old Spanish regime.

As to the charge that General Brooke has expended money in repairing the palace, the Americans reply that this old and historic structure had either to be repaired or renovated or to be pulled down, and consequently about \$100,000 had to be expended on it. But, it is pointed out, instead of being, as heretofore, the private residence of the governor general, the palace is a veritable network of public offices, including one large wing devoted to the mayor and the municipal officers. General Brooke's private quarters are unequal to what would be allowed him at any station in the United States. Aside from the official reception room, his apartments are only modestly furnished.

As to the governor general's carriages and horses, the fact is that the necessary expenditures in this direction does not come out of the insular funds, but is met by the United States. General Brooke's coachman is paid in the same way. As the members of his staff say, it is hardly to be expected that an official of General Brooke's military and administrative status would pay his own transportation expenses.

### CUBAN AFFAIRS.

The Insurgent Assembly Still at Work Promoting Veterans.

HAVANA, August 4.—The executive committee of the late Cuban assembly is still promoting veterans. By its last resolution Sanctorio, the Alcaldé of Gibara, was made a brigadier general, and the Diario de la Marina endorsed the Patria's approval of the action of Gen. Ludlow in suspending the Reconocimiento. The only complaint against him is that he did not act before.

A stormy meeting has been held at the academy of sciences to protest against the admission of American lawyers and doctors to the Cuban bar and to examine the papers of the three hundred persons were present. The abolition of the incommunicado system takes effect to-day.

### EX-QUEEN "LIL"

On Hawaii—Says a Head to the Government is Needed.

WASHINGTON, D. C., August 4.—The Post to-morrow will print an interview with Lilipolani, ex-queen of the Hawaiian Islands, who is residing here. The former queen receives many letters from home, and says what she has to say there is some head to the government.

She says: "Reports to the contrary notwithstanding, the islands are in a state of practical anarchy. We (I say we, because I count myself one of my people), have no laws, but those which have obtained for many years and which have been followed upon us by the Hawaiian people."

She says there is no such thing as real justice, and that the natives are discriminated against and the government is an oligarchy instead of a republic. She expresses confidence in the honorable intentions of America and hopes when the islands are made a part of the government of the islands, that the officials will be appointed from this country.

Asked as to her claim for compensation of the crown lands her majesty was somewhat reticent. "I believe that my claims are just," she said, simply. "I think that they will be respected. When the papers were filed no definite amount was stated, but the revenue resulting from the lands three years ago was about \$100,000 a year. I have heard that their annual income is now approximately \$1,000,000. I know nothing about that. There was certainly no warrant to dispossess me of them without payment."

### TO FIGHT THE TRUST.

Action of the Window Glass Workers Association—Suits to be Brought.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Aug. 4.—At to-day's session of the window glass workers' association convention, suits brought by individual members against various companies to show cause why the latter's charter shall not be revoked, were ratified. The suits are part of the workers' plans to prevent certain large manufacturing concerns in the state of Indiana from selling out to the trust.

The full strength of the association has been pledged to bring the suits to a successful issue. President Simon Burns, of the glass workers' association, said to-night: "We have taken an entirely new departure, and instead of waiting for the trusts to fight us, we have determined to fight them. The matter, he said, had been given careful consideration by the association and it was thought at one time to attack the trust in New Jersey. This was subsequently reconsidered and Indiana selected as the battle ground by reason of the fact that the anti-trust laws of that state afford the best aid to a successful contest."

## GROWING SERIOUS.

The Yaguas are Carrying Things With a High Hand in Mexico. Whole Family Taken into Captivity.

CHICAGO, Aug. 4.—A special to the Tribune from City of Mexico says: "Dispatches from Guaymas show that the Yaguas from Insurrection are constantly growing in extent and all the Indians in the towns along the river and in arms and taking to the woods and mountains to join their companions already arrayed against the authorities. The Yaguas are carrying things with a high hand in Mexico. The whole family taken into captivity. CHICAGO, Aug. 4.—A special to the Tribune from City of Mexico says: "Dispatches from Guaymas show that the Yaguas from Insurrection are constantly growing in extent and all the Indians in the towns along the river and in arms and taking to the woods and mountains to join their companions already arrayed against the authorities. The Yaguas are carrying things with a high hand in Mexico. The whole family taken into captivity."

Three sloops on the Yaguas river, near Medardo, were also attacked and the bodies of the Yaguas were found floating in the river. One of the sloops, the Alondra, was again attacked as it was leaving the mouth of the river on its way back to Guaymas, but the Indians were killed and the sloops were saved.

The body of Paredes was found floating in the river. One of the sloops, the Alondra, was again attacked as it was leaving the mouth of the river on its way back to Guaymas, but the Indians were killed and the sloops were saved.

It is reported that the Romero family were captured as they were about to embark on one of the sloops and that Paredes was killed in trying to rescue them.

Troops are pursuing the bands supposed to have the family. The telegraph line has been cut. The Indians along the Mayo river are quiet and do not seem inclined to join the insurrection.

General Antonio Pena telegraphed yesterday that Don Carlos Hale, the noted merchant, had not been killed as reported. Officially advised up to Monterey, however, that after General Torres' forces took Bacum they found ten dead of the troops from Coahuila and four of the body guards of the Yaguas. Hale, Maldonado, and the body of Hale. They say nothing has been heard of his child.

## YAGUI UPRISING

In Mexico—The Indians in the Mountains Fastnesses and Secure.

AUSTIN, Texas, August 4.—There passed through Austin on a north-bound express train for Indianopolis, a gold hunter named Arnold, who said that he had been recently from the scene of the Indian uprising in Mexico. He pointed out that the Indians are in the mountains and are in a position to maintain the war for months to come, as they are perfectly at home in the mountain fastnesses and the Mexicans are not so much at home.

General reports coming to the mining camps to date are that the Mexicans have lost a number of soldiers, while the Indians have lost comparatively few of their number.

SAN FRANCISCO, August 4.—According to information received from the state of Sonora, Mexico, who is in this city, General Lorenzo Torres, commander-in-chief of the Mexican army, has not yet received any news of the result of the fight which he had reported. His captain, Juan Moldonado, formerly known as Totabate, who was captured by the Indians during the ten years' war, has, however, been murdered by the Indians. A dispatch from Governor Torral, of Sonora, to Congressman Ybarra, dated August 1st, states that he was wounded in the calf of the leg in a fight against the Indians, whom he routed, leaving sixty dead on the battlefield.

General Francisco Canedo, governor of the state of Sinaloa, is also in San Francisco. He has assured the governor of Sonora, of all the trouble within his jurisdiction. Canedo believes the United States will not be called upon to protect the Arizona border, as there is a sufficient force in Mexico to exterminate the Yaguas.

## DEPARTMENTAL CONFERENCES

Of the Young Peoples Christian Union Convention.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Aug. 4.—Interesting departmental conferences to-day occupied the attention of the delegates to the Young Peoples Christian Union convention during the forenoon session of the second day of the convention. Five conferences relating to the work of the various departments were held in various churches in the Oakland, Bellefield and Shady Side districts, beginning at 9:45 a. m. They were as follows:

On "Sabbath Schools," in Shady Side Presbyterian church, conducted by George C. Hodge, of Chubbuck, N. H. "Church Finance," in Oakland Methodist Episcopal church, conducted by McKenzie Clelland, of Chicago, Ill.; on Personal and Evangelical work, in Shady Side Presbyterian church, conducted by Rev. T. C. McKelvey, of New York; on "Junior and Intermediate Work," in Bellefield Presbyterian church, conducted by Rev. F. J. Jamison, of Monmouth, Ill.; on "Student Life," in Oakland chapel, conducted by Rev. S. R. Lyons, president of Monmouth college.

A general prayer and praise service introductory to other exercises of the morning was held at 8:30 a. m. in the Oakland chapel. The singing of the church was well filled. Rev. J. Addison Alexander, of Washington, Pa., chairman of the general committee, led in this service. After the singing of a number of anthems and other devotional services, Miss Mary J. Campbell, of Burlington, Iowa, a returning missionary from India, gave an address on the study service and told of her work in the far mission field.

In the afternoon session Rev. W. J. Reid, of Pittsburg, gave an exposition of the Sunday school lesson for next Sunday. Marion Lawrence, general secretary of the Ohio Sabbath School Association, made a report on the "Light of the Church," and a general conference on Sunday schools was conducted by Robert Rutledge, of St. Louis. Report of the departmental conferences will be heard. At the evening session, Miss Margaret Letch, of Philadelphia, who is a returned missionary from Ceylon, delivered an address on "Forward Movement in Missions."

This was followed by the raising of the tenth anniversary thank offerings, which had been collected by the committee at \$50,000. There was \$14,000 in the treasury at the opening of this special service, and contributions to complete the required amount began pouring in as soon as it was announced that subscriptions were in order. Church after church followed in quick succession with their contributions. The session was reached General Secretary D. F. McGill announced that it would be impossible to-night to tabulate the pledges, but gave the assurance that the full amount would be collected before the year was out.

## CONTINUED IMPROVEMENT IS NOTED

In the Yellow Fever Situation at the Hampton Soldier's Home

No New Cases Reported.

### ONLY ONE DEATH RECORDED.

Dr. Vickery Expresses the Opinion That the Epidemic Seems to be Checked.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 4.—Official reports to the marine hospital service from the Soldier's Home, at Hampton, Va., show that the yellow fever there continues favorable. Surgeon White reports to Dr. Wyman that there is nothing suspicious in the town of Hampton. There were no new cases and only one death at the home to-day, according to a report Dr. Vickery, the surgeon general to-night.

Dr. Vickery expressed the opinion that the immune help on their way there would be sufficient, as the epidemic seems to be checked. The cord around the home and the immediately adjoining village of Phoebus, Surgeon White says, is as tight as he ever saw it at any place.

Surgeon General Wyman, in speaking of the situation to-night, inferentially uttered a word of caution against too sanguine views on the checking of the epidemic at this time which might result in a relaxation of the precautions which should be maintained against the spread of the fever. He said:

"There are certain factors in the situation which make it encouraging and they are, first, that the disease was discovered very promptly, compared with usual outbreaks, and in an institution where all the inmates were under good control. It was recognized much quicker than it would have been in a commercial community, because all the cases and all the deaths were brought together to the notice of one man. Another favorable factor is that the latitude is not extremely south. Nevertheless, it should be remembered that in Brunswick, Ga., in 1853, a little more than two weeks after the last reported death, other cases appeared."

### Thomas Denies It.

SEATTLE, Wash., August 4.—William Thomas, of Columbia City, who is stated to be yesterday's dispatches, was thought by the marine hospital officials at Hampton to have introduced yellow fever in the Soldier's Home there, said to-day there was no foundation for the statement. He was an Indian, said to be a native of the Indian reservation at Seattle, Wash., and he had been in the city for some time. He was not sick while there, neither had he any symptoms of yellow fever or other kind of fever since he came from Seattle. He further said that the transport on which he returned had no fever cases aboard.

### Catholic Chaplain's Bulletin.

WASHINGTON, D. C., August 4.—The following was to-day wired the Associated Press: "NATIONAL SOLDIER'S HOME, Va., August 4.—"I wish to state on behalf of those who may have relations or friends among the Catholic element here in the National Soldier's Home, that we are not to be disturbed by the fact that among the 1,500 Catholic veterans and offer the consolations of our holy religion to such as might be in charge and in the past five days only seven cases to attend. Out of this small number of cases, only one has died, the other six being of a very mild form. (Signed.)

### REV. JAMES E. COLLINS.

"Catholic Chaplain, N. S. H."

### A Suspicious Case.

WASHINGTON, August 4.—Admiral Cromwell, commandant of the naval station at Havana, has advised the navy department that a suspicious case resembling yellow fever occurred on the 2nd inst. among the marines constituting the small garrison at the Machina wharf in Havana harbor. The marine was removed at once to a hospital, and died on the 3rd inst. The case was reported two days ago, but was not made public until to-day. Since then no word has come from the admiral, and the navy department is waiting for the report to be confirmed. It is taken to indicate that nothing serious is apprehended.

## SERIOUS SITUATION

At Pittsburgh in Regard to Smallpox. Danger of an Epidemic Unless Disease is Stopped.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., August 4.—The seriousness of the situation about Pittsburgh regarding the outbreak of smallpox was reached a point when the most decisive measures will be resorted to in order to stamp out the disease. Dr. Benjamin C. Lee, of Philadelphia, secretary of the state board of health, and Dr. William W. Welch, superintendent of the Municipal hospital at Philadelphia, have arrived in Pittsburgh to confer with the health authorities regarding the best methods to fight the plague, declare that there is danger of an epidemic unless the people in the stricken districts are kept in the strictest isolation and the authorities to check the smallpox.

Drs. Lee and Welch spent several hours to-day in conference at the Hotel Hamilton with Superintendent Crosby, of the bureau of health; Dr. Stanley S. Rinehart and Dr. R. L. Taylor, city physician, of Pittsburgh.

The situation was thoroughly discussed and suggestions were offered by the state physicians on various ways of meeting the crisis. In the afternoon a tour was made through East Pittsburgh, Wilkesburg and other points where cases of the disease exist. To-morrow the committee will go to Bower Hill, where there are several cases.

At East Pittsburgh fifteen well-developed cases were discovered and at Homestead ten cases. The experts say all the cases are of a mild type, but if the disease is not stamped out before cold weather sets in, there is no telling how malignant it may develop.

Wholesale vaccination is advised as a precaution and further recommendations will be made when the investigation of the county has been completed.

### Broke Her Neck.

ALTOONA, Pa., August 4.—Mrs. Clinton Rider, of Marengo, was thrown from a wagon near Tyrone and broke her neck. She was dead when picked up. She had stopped at a watering place and was on her way home. The woman asked a boy to take the bit out of the horse's mouth. Freed from this restraint the animal plunged down the road, throwing Mrs. Rider out of the wagon.

## SENSATIONAL RUMOR

About the Car of Russia's Intention to Abduct—Delacoste's Mission to Dissuade Him.

LONDON, Aug. 5.—H. De Biewitz, the Paris correspondent of the Times, gives an extraordinary explanation of M. Delacoste's present mission. He asserts that it was decided upon quite suddenly for a "reason which admitted of no delay," and then gives the story, which he says he has from a source to which I am bound to attach importance. This is the explanation: "Emperor Nicholas is disappointed and tired of the throne. The absence of an heir excites his superstitious feelings and he connects himself with a Russian legend according to which an heirless czar is to be succeeded by a czar Michael, predestined to occupy Constantinople."

The death of the czar and the failure of his heir, the Grand Duke, led him to decide to abdicate on the occasion of his coming visit to Darmstadt. On this becoming known in Paris, M. Delacoste was sent to dissuade him from carrying out this intention."

## HE LEFT WORD

That he Would Take His Life, and he was Found Dead.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., August 4.—Charles F. Auterith, a wealthy retired banker, was found dead in a bath tub in his home, 637 North Eleventh street, to-day.

A revolver in his hand and a bullet wound in his head indicated clearly the cause of death. No motive is known for the suicide. Auterith's family are living at their summer home in Philadelphia, and it was his habit to come to Philadelphia every day.

When he did not return last night a search was instituted by his son. He later found a note in the vestibule of the Philadelphia home, stating the intention of his father to kill himself.

He was the surviving member of the firm of Auterith, and while nominally in active business, practically limited his work to letters of credit and acting as agent for several New York steamship companies, principally the North German Lloyd. A representative of one of the companies was at Mr. Auterith's office some time yesterday on business of a nature he would not impart to any one else.

## KENTUCKY FEUDS.

The Baker Cases Closed—Griffin-Philpot Trial Postponed.

BARBOURSVILLE, Ky., August 4.—The testimony has closed in the case against Jim Baker for killing Wilson Howard. The witnesses for the defense testified that Tom and Jim Baker were at home when the killing occurred. The case goes to the jury to-morrow. The case against William Baker will then be called. Although many of the feudists are here there have been no disturbances.

## FATHER'S AWFUL CRIME.

Murders His Three Small Children and Then Commits Suicide.

SUSQUEHANNA, Pa., Aug. 4.—Chas. Yeager, about forty years of age, a small manufacturing village five miles south of here, murdered his three small children early this morning by cutting their throats and then committed suicide by the same means. There seems to be no doubt that the father was insane during the night. For years he was employed in the chair factory in the town and was a steady, industrious man.

He was a widower, and since his wife's death had devoted himself to the care of his three children. His ages ranged from five to twelve years. The children were found dead in bed, and the father was found in the yard, having committed the crime, other than he had become suddenly insane by brooding over the loss of his wife.

## More Than Probable.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., Aug. 4.—John Thomas, a negro, was surrounded in a swamp near Cuba, Ala., last night by a lynching party and wounded in a number of places during a running fight with the posse. He finally managed to make his escape, but was slightly wounded several of his pursuers. He is charged with the attempted assault on the wife of a saw mill operator. It is probable that Thomas will be captured and lynched before long.

## Fatal Shot.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., August 4.—David Anderson shot and fatally wounded Capt. Thomas L. Pollock and seriously injured Michael Mullen at the Soldier's Home to-day. The shooting occurred while Capt. Pollock was attempting to arrest Anderson. All are inmates of the home.

## Invoked the Curse of God.

MAN BYTH